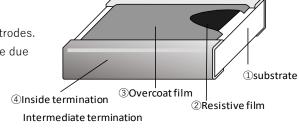
## Anti-surge · wide-terminal type thick film chip resistors RPY series

RPY18 (0612) \*( ): Inch size

#### ■ Features

- The use of a wide terminal type significantly improves the reliability of solder joints compared to short-side electrodes.
- Improved heat dissipation compared to short terminal type due to the long side electrodes.
- Improved anti-surge characteristics compared to the conventional long-side electrode product (RPW18)
- · RoHS qualified
- · ELV qualified
- · AEC-Q200 qualified

#### **■**Structure



Outside termination

\*This is only a schematic drawing of the structure.

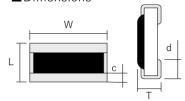
### ■ Part No. Explanation (Example)

R P Y	1 8		Т	1 R 0	F
Product type	Rated power and Size	T.C.R	Packaging form	Nominal resistance value(*)	Resistance tolerance
RPY: Anti-surge wide terminal type	18:0.75W,0612	C: ±50 K: ±100 (10-6/°C)	T : 4mm pitch taping $\phi$ 180 reel	The resistance value is indicated by 3-digit numbers. E96 sequence products are indicated by a 4-digit.	J: ±5% F: ±1% D:0.5%

<sup>\*</sup>The first two numbers are significant numbers, and the third one is the number of zeros "0" following to the first two numbers (multiple of 10).

the first three values mean the significant figures and the fourth one represents the number of 0 following to them (multiplier of 10).

### ■ Dimensions



	L	W	Т	С	d
RPY18	$1.60 \pm 0.15$	$3.20 \pm 0.15$	0.55 + 0.10 - 0.05	$0.25 \pm 0.15$	$0.35 \pm 0.15$

(Unit: mm)

\* External dimensions are for reference only.

Overcoat film color : Black

<sup>\*</sup>In the case of the E96 sequence,

<sup>\*</sup>If there is a decimal point in resistance value, it is indicated by "R" and all numbers are significant numbers.

### ■ Ratings

	Rated power	Limiting element voltage(*1)	Maximum overload voltage(*2)	Range of rated resistance	Tolerance on rated resistance	Category temperature range		Temperature (	
RPY18 0.75W	200V 400V		J: 1.0Ω~1MΩ	J(±5%)	-55°C~+155°C		1Ω~1ΜΩ	±200×10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C	
			F: 1.0Ω~1MΩ	F(±1%)	-55°C~+155°C		1Ω~9.1Ω		
		1 • 1.0 32 1101 32	1 (=170)	33 0 1133 0	Κ	$10\Omega\sim 1M\Omega$	± 100 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C		
			D:10Ω~1MΩ	D(±0.5%)	-55°C~+155°C	Κ	10Ω~91Ω	=100 × 10 / 0	
				D. 1012~10012	D(±0.5%)	-55 C~+155 C	С	100Ω~1ΜΩ	$\pm 50 \times 10^{-6}$ /°C

## (\*1) Rated voltage = $\sqrt{Rated\ power \times\ Resistance\ value}$

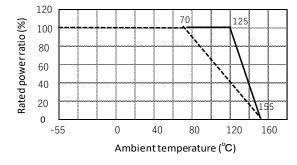
In the case of rated voltage over above limiting element voltage, limiting element voltage will be the maximum.

- (\*2) The applied voltage in short time overload test = 2.5 × rated voltage
  In the case of the applied voltage in short time overload test over above maximum overload voltage,
  maximum overload voltage will be the maximum.
- \*There are the supplementary information about rating on reference page.
- \*Temperature Coefficient of Resistance (T.C.R) is based on JIS C5201-1 6.2 between two points: 25°C and 125°C.

### ■Specifications and test methods

Item	Specifications	Test method			
Overload	± (0.5%+0.05Ω)	JIS C5201-1 8.1			
Overload	∸ (0.5/0+0.0527)	2.5 × Rated voltage, for 5 seconds			
Bend strength of the	± (0.5%+0.05Ω)	JIS C5201-1 9.8			
face plating	± (0.5%+0.05\frac{1}{2})	Bending distance : 3mm			
Resistance to	± (0.5%+0.05Ω)	JIS C5201-1 11.2			
soldering heat	± (0.5%+0.05\\ 2)	260 ± 5°C.10(sec.)			
Solderability	Covered with more than 95%	JIS C5201-1 11.1			
	Covered with more than 95%	245 ± 3°C.(sec.)			
Rapid change of	± (1%+0.05Ω)	JIS C5201-1 10.1			
temperature	± (1%+0.05\2)	-55°C ⇔ +125°C,1000(times)			
Loadlife in humidity	± (1%+0.05 Ω)	60 ± 2°C.90~95% R.H 1000h			
Endurance at 70°C	± (1%+0.05 Ω)	JIS C5201-1 7.1			
Lindurance at 70 C	± (1 ⁄0+0.05 Ω )	70 ± 2°C.1000h			

# ■ Derating curve



- \* Rated power of the resistor is the maximum power which can be loaded continuously at the ambient temperature of 70 °C. For the ambient temperature above 70 °C, please use according to the load derating curve (dotted line). Please note that the component surface temperature does not exceed operating temperature range.
- \* If the component temperature is below 155°C, the power rating can be used according to the load derating curve in the solid line.